### Norpeth

9 weights | 5 variations of numerals | opentype features

### Norpeth<sup>TM</sup>

A modern **humanist sans serif typeface**. The proportions of each character have a strong lateral dynamic that makes it ideal for on-screen use. Consistent stroke contrast is used throughout each weight to maintain an optical balance. Details include 9 weights and italics, over 570 characters, manually edited kerning and opentype features. The Norpeth typeface includes European. Afrikaans, Pinyin and Cyrillic characters.

26 pt



#### **GLYPH SET**

UPPER AND LOWER CASE

Norpeth Book 40 pt

Norpeth Book 25 pt

Ee Ff Ηh li Aa CC Dd Gg Bb Jj Kk Mm Nn 00 Rr LI Рр Qq Uu Ss VVWW Zz Τt ХХ Υų

#### **ACCENTED CHARACTERS**

á ă ă â â â ā ā à ā ā ā â â æ b ć č ç ċ ð ď d d d d é ě ê ệ ë e e è ē ę ẽ ğ ğ ġ ġ ħ ḥ ı ( ĭ î î î î î ij ī į ī ķ ĺ ľ ļ ļ ŀ ŀ ŀ ł ṁ ṁ ň ŋ ŋ ṁ ŋ ŋ ñ ó ǒ ô ô ô o ò ő ō ố ồ ø ǿ õ ố œ þ ŕ ř ŗ ś š ş ş ş ß t ť ţ ţ ţ ţ ṯ ú ǔ û ü û ǜ ǜ u ù ű ū ų û ũ ŵ ŵ ŵ ý ŷ ÿ ỳ ź ž ż ẓ б в г д е ё ж з и й к л п ф ч Ц Ш Щ Ь Ъ Ы Э Ю Я



**CURRENCY, MATH, PUNCTATION AND SYMBOLS** 

Norpeth book 31 pt

™ © ¶ † ‡

**COMMUNICATION** is the activity of imparting or exchanging information, ideas or feelings. It can be the study of ways in which human beings interact including speech. gesture. telecommunication systems, publishing and broadcasting media. Pragmatics defines communication as any sign-mediated interaction that follows combinatorial, context-specific and content-coherent rules. Communicative competence designates the capability to install intersubjective interactions, which means that communication is an inherent social interaction. Communication is central and essential to our daily lives.

#### **WEIGHTS & STYLES**

# A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A

This is Norpeth Light 21 pt This is Norpeth Light Italic 21 pt This is Norpeth Book 21 pt This is Norpeth Italic 21 pt This is Norpeth Medium 21 pt This is Norpeth Medium Italic 21 pt This is Norpeth DemiBold 21 pt This is Norpeth DemiBold Italic 21 pt This is Norpeth Bold 21 pt This is Norpeth Bold Italic 21 pt This is Norpeth ExtraBold 21 pt This is Norpeth ExtraBold Italic 21 pt This is Norpeth Black 21 pt This is Norpeth Black Italic 21 pt This is Norpeth Heavy 21 pt This is Norpeth Heavy Italic 21 pt This is Norpeth Ultra 21 pt This is Norpeth Ultra Italic 21 pt

Aa Bb Cc Dd Ee Ff Gg Hh Ii Jj Kk 12345 ?!#@S Aa Bb Cc Dd Ee Ff Gg Hh Ii Jj Kk 12345 ?!#@S Aa Bb Cc Dd Ee Ff Gg Hh Ii Jj Kk 12345 ?!#@S Aa Bb Cc Dd Ee Ff Gg Hh Ii Jj Kk 12345 ?!#@S Aa Bb Cc Dd Ee Ff Gg Hh Ii Jj Kk 12345 ?!#@S Aa Bb Cc Dd Ee Ff Gg Hh Ii Jj Kk 12345 ?!#@S Aa Bb Cc Dd Ee Ff Gg Hh Ii Jj Kk 12345 ?!#@S

Aa Bb Cc Dd Ee Ff Gg Hh Ii Jj Kk 12345 ?!#@\$ Aa Bb Cc Dd Ee Ff Gg Hh Ii Jj Kk 12345 ?!#@\$ Aa Bb Cc Dd Ee Ff Gg Hh Ii Jj Kk 12345 ?!#@\$ Aa Bb Cc Dd Ee Ff Gg Hh Ii Jj Kk 12345 ?!#@\$ Aa Bb Cc Dd Ee Ff Gg Hh Ii Jj Kk 12345 ?!#@\$ Aa Bb Cc Dd Ee Ff Gg Hh Ii Jj Kk 12345 ?!#@\$ Aa Bb Cc Dd Ee Ff Gg Hh Ii Jj Kk 12345 ?!#@\$ Aa Bb Cc Dd Ee Ff Gg Hh Ii Jj Kk 12345 ?!#@\$

#### LIGATURES



### Th ch ct sp st fh fj fb ffj fk fl ff ffn ffl fi

#### LIGATURES USED IN BODYTEXT

Norpeth Book 32 pt

The couple watched the flow of water in the fjords. The stars are really special she gasped. "This fish is secretly a griffin" he replied while pointing down to a suspicious looking fish in the water. "A goofball can affect us all if the cliffhanger is cruel" the fish said while giving the boy an offended look. "Those are some nice cufflinks!" she said, trying to cheer the fish up. "Please press the offkey" he said, clearly not impressed, to the engineer who controlled the virtual game.

**EXAMPLES** 

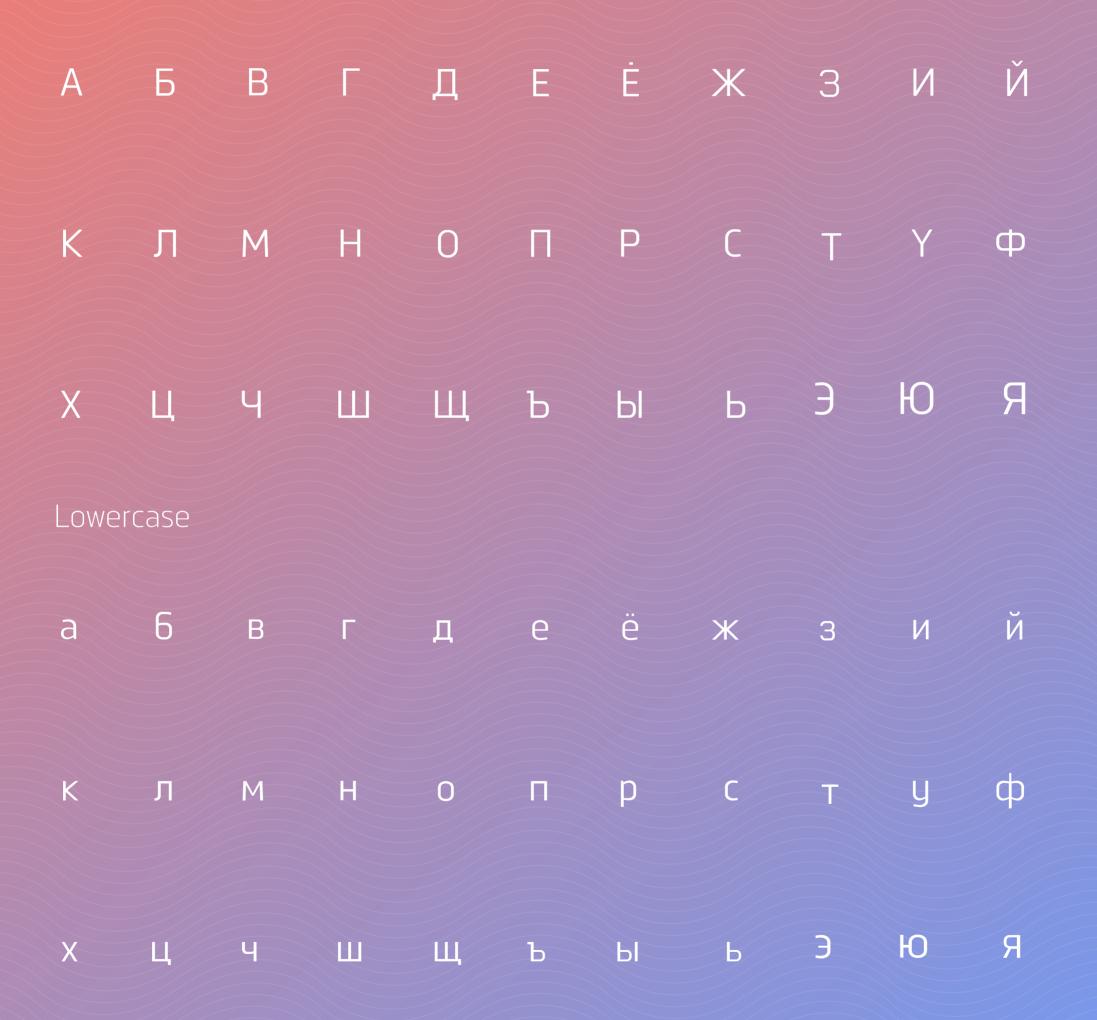
Norpeth Book | Heavy 45 pt

The star character in the show fled the stage The star character in the show fled the stage

The actor had a special affection for her The actor had a special affection for her

#### **FULL CYRILLIC ALPHABET**

Uppercase



# 

### Die mündliche Kommunikation

## Устного общения

Komunikacja w sytuacjach społecznych

### SALES INCREASE

### Volvo kör från konkurrenter

### 

#### La comunicación es importante en el tráfico

### KOMUNIKĀCIJA IR SVARĪGI

#### DETAILS

#### **NORPETH X-HEIGHT**

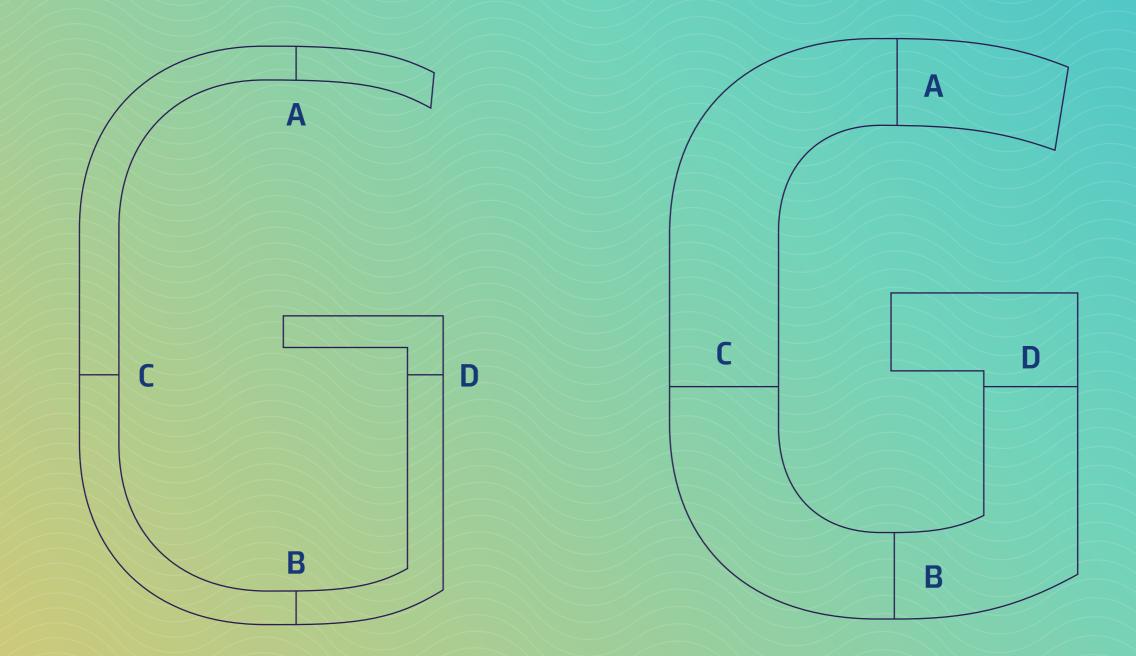
The large x-height of each charactergives a strong lateral dynamic that makes Norpeth ideal for on-screen use.



#### **OPTICAL BALANCE THROUGHOUT THE WEIGHTS**

Consistent stroke contrast is used throughout each weight

to maintain an optical balance.



#### Norpeth Book 600 pt

The thickness of **A** divided by  $\mathbf{B} = 0.995$ The thickness of **C** divided by  $\mathbf{B} = 0.861$ 

#### Norpeth Bold 600 pt

The thickness of **A** divided by  $\mathbf{B} = 1.0$ The thickness of **C** divided by  $\mathbf{B} = 0.904$ 

### **TOP 10 Car Tech Innovations**

# 

### DESTINATION: EVENUELE

### The hottest reviews

# Concemporary

### TOYOTA VS. VOLVO

### **ORAL COMMUNICATION**

Oral communication, while primarily referring to spoken verbal communication, can also employ visual aids and non-verbal elements to support the conveyance of meaning. Oral communication includes speeches, presentations, discussions, and aspects of interpersonal communication. As a type of face-to-face communication, body language and choice tonality play a significant role, and may have a greater impact upon the listener than informational content. This type of communication also garners immediate feedback.

Human spoken and pictorial languages can be described as a system of symbols (sometimes known as lexemes) and the grammars (rules) by which the symbols are manipulated. The word "language" also refers to common properties of languages. Language learning normally occurs most intensively during human childhood. Most of the thousands of human languages use patterns of sound or gesture for symbols which enable communication with others around them. Languages seem to share certain properties although many of these include exceptions. There is no defined line between a language and a dialect. Constructed languages such as Esperanto. programming languages, and various mathematical formalisms are not necessarily restricted to the properties shared by human languages.

A THE FORMER AND A THE PARTY A

#### NONVERBAL COMMUNICATION

Nonverbal communication describes the process of conveying meaning in the form of non-word messages. Some forms of non verbal communication include chronemics. haptics. gesture. body language or posture. facial expression and eye contact. object communication such as clothing. hairstyles. architecture. symbols. infographics. and tone of voice. as well as through an aggregate of the above. Speech also contains nonverbal elements known as paralanguage. These include voice lesson quality. emotion and speaking style as well as prosodic features such as rhythm. intonation and stress. Research has shown that up to 55% of spoken communication may occur through non verbal facial expressions. and a further 38% through paralanguage.[4] Likewise. written texts include nonverbal elements such as handwriting style. spatial arrangement of words and the use of emoticons to convey emotional expressions in pictorial form



#### WRITTEN COMMUNICATION AND ITS HISTORICAL DEVELOPMENT

Over time the forms of and ideas about communication have evolved through the continuing progression of technology. Advances include communications psychology and media psychology, an emerging field of study.

A variety of verbal and non-verbal means of communicating exists such as body language. eye contact. sign language. haptic communication. chronemics. and media content such as pictures. graphics. sound. and writing.

Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities also defines the communication to include the display of text. Braille, tactile communication, large print, accessible multimedia, as well as written and plain language, human-reader, augmentative and alternative modes, means and formats of communication, including accessible information and communication technology. The progression of written communication can be divided into three revolutionary stages called "Information Communication Revolutions".[5] During the first stage. written communication first emerged through the use of pictographs. The pictograms were made in stone. hence written communication was not yet mobile. During the second stage. writing began to appear on paper. papyrus. clay. wax. etc. with common alphabets. The third stage is characterized by the transfer of information through controlled waves of electromagnetic radiation (i.e., radio, microwave, infrared) and other electronic signals.

Norpeth Book | Medium | Bold



# COMERCIA

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#### Norpeth Ultra

Norpeth